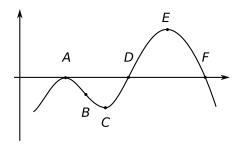
MATH 124 · Calculus I · Section 8 · Spring 2007

Name ____

Problem 1. Consider the following graph of f'(x):



I repeat for emphasis: I am showing you the graph of f'(x), but I will ask you questions about f(x).

Part (a). Which of the labeled points are critical points of f(x)?

Part (b). Which of those critical points are local maxima (not minima) of f(x)? (In this problem, I am not interested in local extrema at boundary points.)

Part (c). Which labeled points are inflection points of f(x)?

Problem 2. Find dy/dx if $\ln(y)\sin(y) = \cos(x)$.

Problem 3. Let $f(z) = z^4 + a/z^4$. Find a such that f(z) has a minimum at z = 2.

Problem 4. Let $g(x) = \sin^2(x) - \cos(x)$.

Part (a). Find an equation for the tangent line to g(x) at $x = \pi/2$.

Part (b). Write down an equation for the error function involving g(x) and the linear approximation.

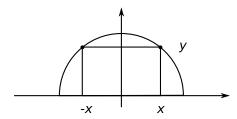
Problem 5. Find b and d such that $f(x) = x^3 + bx^2 + d$ has an inflection point at x = 3 and y-intercept -5.

Problem 6. Does the limit

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^2}{e^{0.0024x}}$$

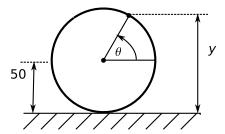
exist? If so, what is it, and why? If not, why not?

Problem 7. A rectangular region is to be painted inside a semicircular region as follows:



The semicircle has radius 7 feet. Find x that maximizes the area of the rectangle. (You must show all your work and use calculus.)

Problem 8. An amusement-park ride is upright and circular with 50-foot radius. Passengers are seated around the perimeter while the wheel turns counterclockwise at some (as yet unknown) constant rate:



The height of the labeled passenger above the ground is given by

$$y = 50 + 50\sin(\theta).$$

If the passenger's height above ground is increasing by 3.2 feet per second at angle $\theta = \pi/3$, how fast is the wheel turning? Include units in your answer.