

### —Homework 1—

In exercises 3-4, use the given function to evaluate each expression at each of the following inputs.

**1.1 #3.**  $F(x) = \frac{2x}{x^2 - 25}$ . (a)  $F(3)$  (b)  $F(-5)$  (c)  $F(0)$  (d)  $F(-7)$

**1.1 #4.**  $b(x) = \sqrt{64 - x^2}$  (a)  $b(0)$  (b)  $b(3)$  (c)  $b(10)$  (d)  $b(\sqrt{15})$

In exercises 8-9, (a) determine the domain of the function and express it in interval notation. (b) Find the zeroes of the function.

**1.1 #8.**  $q(n) = -\sqrt{2n - 4}$ .

**1.1 #9.**  $F(y) = \frac{3y - 5}{y^2 - y - 6}$ .

In exercises 13-14, use the given function to simplify the expression.

**1.1 #13.**  $P(x) = x^2 + 3$ . (a)  $P(t + 4)$  (b)  $P(t) + P(4)$  (c)  $P(t) + 4$  (d)  $t + P(4)$

**1.1 #14.**  $Q(x) = \frac{3}{2x}$ . (a)  $Q(2n)$  (b)  $2Q(n)$  (c)  $Q(2) \cdot Q(n)$  (d)  $Q(2) \cdot n$

In exercises 25-26, simplify

$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

**1.1 #25.**  $f(x) = 4x + 13$

**1.1 #26.**  $f(x) = 5 - 3x$

**1.1 #31.** Given the function

$$M(x) = \begin{cases} -\frac{2}{3}x & x < -4 \\ 5 & -4 \leq x < 2 \\ \sqrt{2x} & x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

evaluate (a)  $M(-7)$  (b)  $M(-1)$  (c)  $M(2)$  (d)  $M(18)$

**1.1 #32.** Given the function

$$n(x) = \begin{cases} -\sqrt{2} & x < -3 \\ x + 5 & -3 \leq x \leq 3 \\ x^2 - 4 & x > 3 \end{cases}$$

evaluate (a)  $n(-4)$  (b)  $n(-3)$  (c)  $n(3)$  (d)  $n(6)$

### —Homework 1—

In exercises 3-4, use the given function to evaluate each expression at each of the following inputs.

**1.1 #3.**  $F(x) = \frac{2x}{x^2 - 25}$ . (a)  $F(3)$  (b)  $F(-5)$  (c)  $F(0)$  (d)  $F(-7)$

**1.1 #4.**  $b(x) = \sqrt{64 - x^2}$  (a)  $b(0)$  (b)  $b(3)$  (c)  $b(10)$  (d)  $b(\sqrt{15})$

In exercises 8-9, (a) determine the domain of the function and express it in interval notation. (b) Find the zeroes of the function.

**1.1 #8.**  $q(n) = -\sqrt{2n - 4}$ .

**1.1 #9.**  $F(y) = \frac{3y - 5}{y^2 - y - 6}$ .

In exercises 13-14, use the given function to simplify the expression.

**1.1 #13.**  $P(x) = x^2 + 3$ . (a)  $P(t + 4)$  (b)  $P(t) + P(4)$  (c)  $P(t) + 4$  (d)  $t + P(4)$

**1.1 #14.**  $Q(x) = \frac{3}{2x}$ . (a)  $Q(2n)$  (b)  $2Q(n)$  (c)  $Q(2) \cdot Q(n)$  (d)  $Q(2) \cdot n$

In exercises 25-26, simplify

$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

**1.1 #25.**  $f(x) = 4x + 13$

**1.1 #26.**  $f(x) = 5 - 3x$

**1.1 #31.** Given the function

$$M(x) = \begin{cases} -\frac{2}{3}x & x < -4 \\ 5 & -4 \leq x < 2 \\ \sqrt{2x} & x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

evaluate (a)  $M(-7)$  (b)  $M(-1)$  (c)  $M(2)$  (d)  $M(18)$

**1.1 #32.** Given the function

$$n(x) = \begin{cases} -\sqrt{2} & x < -3 \\ x + 5 & -3 \leq x \leq 3 \\ x^2 - 4 & x > 3 \end{cases}$$

evaluate (a)  $n(-4)$  (b)  $n(-3)$  (c)  $n(3)$  (d)  $n(6)$